

LIFE GREEN ADAPT project: addressing resilience, climate change and infrastructure; project and antecedents

26th May 2022



Project overview

ADAP Green and Nature-Based Solutions for climate change-resilient waste infrastructure

Start date: 01/07/2021

End date: 31/12/2024

Total project budget: 3,038,828 € EU financial contribution requested: 1,671,354 €

Work area: Resilience of infrastructure, including application of bluegreen infrastructure and ecosystem-based approaches to adaptation



LIFE Climate Change Adaptation



Project overview – Climate problem

• Landfills can remain operational ≥ 140 years (aftercare and restorarion periods) in a context of climate change

Extreme weather events.

- Droughts
- Floods
- Heatwaves
- Pressure on resource availability (water)









Adverse effects on landfills:

- Increase of leachates
- Fires
- Landslides



Climate problema - Fires



Delhi (India) - March-April 2022

Extreme Temperature Heatwaves T > 40°C



Seseña (Spain) - May 2016

High Temperature Heatwave (Tyre landfill)



Climate problem - Floods - Landslides



Asunción (Paraguay) – July 2014 Extreme rainfall – Floods



Zaldibar (Spain) - February 2020 Hazardous Waste landfill - Lanslide





Project overview – Main objective

LIFE GREEN ADAPT aims to *increase the resilience of EU waste infrastructures* (focused on landfills as potential source of severe pollution episodes when impacted by extreme events) against Climate Change by demonstrating *blue-green infrastructures* (BGI) and ecosystem-based approaches potential.

LIFE GREEN ADAPT will demonstrate BGI ability to manage *flush* flooding and run-off caused by heavy rainfall and prevent fires and explosions caused by droughts and unusual heatwaves



Objectives



To demonstrate an innovative and widely replicable approach based on the use of BGI



To reduce the risk of landfill landslides associated with floods and extreme rainfall events (due to climate change)



To efficiently manage new green areas by reducing water consumption and storm water runoff



To store and treat the landfill leachate and the temporarily contaminated runoff water using treatment wetlands (TW)



To avoid the external treatment of polluted run-off waters



To improve the knowledge base for the development, assessment and monitoring of adaptation actions at the landfill level



To boost the development and implementation of climate change adaptation measures



Main outcomes



















Demo case -Consortium





Project overview – Demo case

Landfill infrastructures need to *anticipate, assess the vulnerability and risks to adapt to climate variations* and be *resilient* to any possible hazards or disruptions in line with the EU Strategy on Adaptation to Climate Change to make Europe more climate-resilient



Rainfall: 1,000 mm/year:

- 37% Dec-Feb
- 34% Sep-Nov
- 27% Mar-May



Summer (Jun -Sep):

- Hot and dry
- NW winds

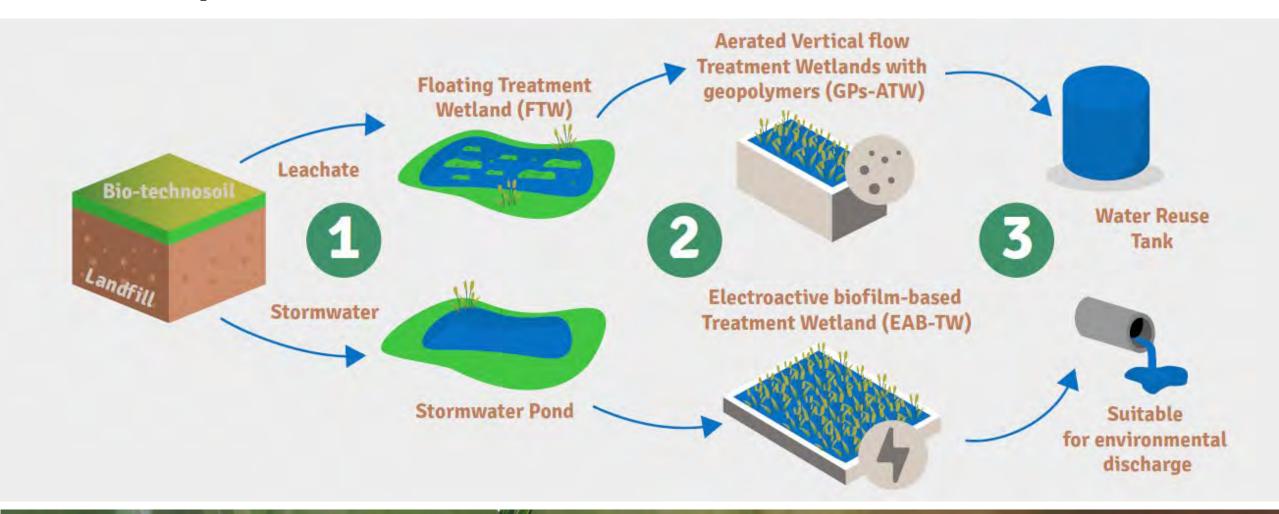
January: T ~10 °C

August: T ~20 °C





Concept (Blue & Green infrastructures)





Biotechnosoil:

- Mixture of organic and mineral waste (Maturation process)
- Similar properties of a soil









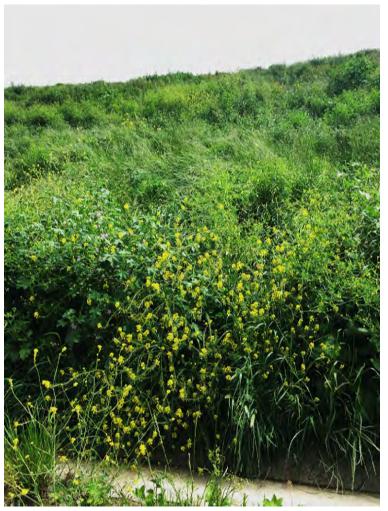














Thanks for your attention!

